How to Find the MEAN of Your Science Data

What is mean?

The "mean" is the "average" you're used to, where you add up all the numbers and then divide by the number of numbers.

How do calculate MEAN?

The mean is the usual average, so:

 $(13 + 18 + 13 + 14 + 13 + 16 + 14 + 21 + 13) \div 9 = 15$

Note that the mean isn't a value from the original list. This is a common result. You should not assume that your mean will be one of your original numbers.

Example 1: What is the Mean of these numbers?

6, 11, 7

- Add the numbers: 6 + 11 + 7 = 24
- Divide by how many numbers (there are 3 numbers): 24 / 3 = 8

The Mean is 8

Why Does This Work?

It is because 6, 11 and 7 added together is the same as 3 lots of 8:



It is like you are "flattening out" the numbers